Root Cause Analysis benefits of having Flow data right beside SNMP



Mgr. Matej Pavelka PhD.

Lessons learnt from 2 use cases







Latency issue at SME customer















ISP wasn't able find root-cause or mitigate it.

ISP's reputation was hit.



Case outcome We can't see them all

Photo from Matrix the movie

#2 case

?



#2 ISP - Monitoring stack

Grafana UI

Data sources

- **SNMP** (Prometheus)
- **Flows** (FLOWCUTTER)
- Vulnerability and open ports
- No DNS security data (unfortunately)







Morning's Alert

Alert fired 11:46

P95 latency

On CORE router #14 (of 31)



Router10G uplink#14both SME and home connections
22 downstream 1G links



Specialized dashboard



Any vendor

For each CORE router



Latency on #14





Packets dropped

11:45 10 minutes



CPU on router





Traffic on port

One eth port w/ peaks in bps







SNMP - 1D dimensional time series





analýza

from Matrix the movie

Pht





All traffic BPS, PPS, FPS, talkers



10 minutes

Drill down

Protocols are OK



Drill down

DNS responses

Source port = 53

Top Source Ports	i Top Destination Ports ∨
— 53 826 К	— 443 2 Mil
- 443 674 K	— 53 814 К
— 0 150 K	- 24335 611 K
— 80 54 K	- 80 125 K
— 5228 15 K	- 5223 42 K
- 6881 11 K	- 2048 39 K
- 5223 10 K	— 8883 32 К
— 5222 9 K	— 33024 28 К

DNS responses

Filtered source_port = 53





During DDoS attack



Before / after

Before DDOS





Reflection attack

Distributed attack on DNS

Src/Dest ports = 53/24335

ie	Destination IP Ent	ter variable value	Additional fil	ters sport =	53 + /	Active True ~			
i	Traffic (peak) 🗸	Packets	(peak)	i	laikers (peak)	i	Flows (peak)		
	343 мь/	's	94.5	kp/s		22925		306	6 f/s
i				Traffic	& Pack ts				
						_			100 K
	300 Mb/s								80 K
fic	200 Mb/s								60 K
Trai									40 K
	100 Mb/s								20 K
	0 b/s 11:17:00	11:18:00	11:19:00	11:20:00	11:21:00	11:22:00	11:23:00	11:24:00	0 11:25:00
-	 Traffic (bits/s) 								
-	 Packets (b/s) (right y-axis) 								



Mitigation

Using BGP Flowspec (RFC 5575)

Granular control (compared to RTBH)

- s/d port
- packet length
- TCP flags
- ICMP code
- etc...





Automated scan (every night)

DNS port open on SME customer's public IP

Example screenshot (not the actual case)

TOP OS			TOP P	Ports		TOP Services		Number of DHCP s
	os	pocet	22		21	ssh	21	
Lir	ux 2.6.32	16	443		7	http	14	
Lip	17 3 2 - 4 9	2	80		7	ms-wbt-server	6	
	IX 0.2 - 4.0		139		6	netbios-ssn	6	
AVtech Room Alert 2	26W environmental monitor	1	3389		6	http-proxy	5	
FreeBSI	D 6.2-RELEASE	1	445		6	microsoft-ds	5	
Linux	2.6.32 - 3.10	1	8080		6	msrpc	5	
Linux	2632-313		135		5	rtsp	5	
Lindx			3306			tcpwrapped	5	
Microsoft Windows	Server 2008 or 2008 Beta 3	1	53		4	domain	4	





ISP mitigated it before customer called.

ISP's admin found misconfiguration of customer's DNS resolver and informed them.

Case outcome We see them all

Photo from Matrix the movie

5 Best practices

One O to rule them all (OSS, no vendor lock, incident response)
???
???
???
???
???
???



schizophrenia

34.5 kpps 41.2 kpps 114 K

Photo from Matrix the movie

114× 674 to

41.2 kpps

Putting it all together in Grafana

FLOWCUTTER's approach





5 Best practices

One O to rule them all (OSS, no vendor lock, incident response)
 Well labeled SNMP metrics
 ???
 ???

5 Best practices

One One to rule them all (OSS, no vendor lock, incident response)

- Well labeled SNMP metrics
- Fast & Furious flows
- ???

???

analýza

from Matrix the movie



			Panel Title		Panel Title
				Search:	
sport 🔶 dp	oort 🔻	proto 🔶	stime	♦ etime	\$
546.00 547	7.00 L	JDP	2021-06-02 11:24:43.982000	2021-06-02 11:54:40.440000	
46.00 547	.00 L	JDP	2021-06-02 10:54:32.508000	2021-06-02 11:24:13.178000	- 213.195.223.16/UDP
					= 81.30.226.13/UDP
46.00 547	.00 L	JDP	2021-06-02 10:24:24.670000	2021-06-02 10:54:24.572000	- 213.195.223.14/UDP
46.00 547	.00 L	JDP	2021-06-02 09:53:38.573000	2021-06-02 10:23:25.106000	4 81.30.226.12/UDP
					= 81.30.226.14/UDP
46.00 547	7.00 L	JDP	2021-06-02 09:23:31.083000	2021-06-02 09:52:57.031000	= 217.66.163.24/UDP
					= 157.240.30.21/00P
			Panel Title		= 137.240.30.03/00P
					= 213.193.224.131/00F
					= 213.195.224.212/UDP
			~		94.230.149.146/UDP
					213.195.194.185/UDP
					- 35.214.151.58/UDP
					= 213.195.223.10/UDP
					- 213.195.222.222/UDP
					= 217.66.163.108/UDP
9:00	09:30	10:00	10:30 1	1:00 11:30	- 213.195.223.30/UDP
🗕 avo bos 📥 avo	a bos prevdav	/			== 213.195.205.168/UDP

Q

FLOWCUTTER

2 Mil 2 Mil

1 Mil

556 K

Grafana examples

Talkers





186.29.241.1

17.140.38.10

17.42.88.128

17.140.34.10

17.140.36.10

3.144.14.14

220.172.222.12





Value

7 Mil

Top DNS ports

- 53/UDP

53/TCP

- 853/TCP

- 853/UDP

5 Best practices

One One to rule them all (OSS, no vendor lock, incident response)

- Well labeled SNMP metrics
- Fast & Furious flows

Export Metrics from flows (to Prometheus, Zabbix, Influxdb)
 ???

vendor

Zabbix, Grafana, ...

Photo from www.geocaching.com



5 Best practices

One One to rule them all (OSS, no vendor lock, incident response)

- Well labeled SNMP metrics
- Fast & Furious flows
- Export Metrics from flows (to Prometheus, Zabbix, Influxdb)
 Cloud or On-prem

Thank you,

questions?









www.flowcutter.com